

Good Morning!!!

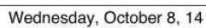
Please take a worksheet from the front desk.

Take the first half hour of class and work on it.  
You may work with another student.

I will go over the problems that you request  
from either the worksheet or the homework.

## Most Requested

3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 14

$$M = \underline{8 \text{ kg}} \text{ @ } \underline{40^\circ}$$
$$T_1 = 50.4 \text{ N}$$




### 3 Physics Experiments that Changed the World

8

$$M = \underline{17 \text{ kg}}$$

The object is pulled upward at constant speed.

$$T = F_g$$

↑ hand

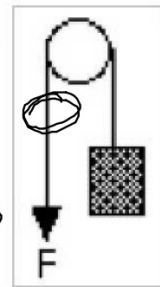
$$F_{\text{pull}} = F_g$$

$$166.6 \text{ N}$$

$$T = F_g$$

Box ↑ 17 kg

$$F_g = 9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} 17 \text{ kg} =$$



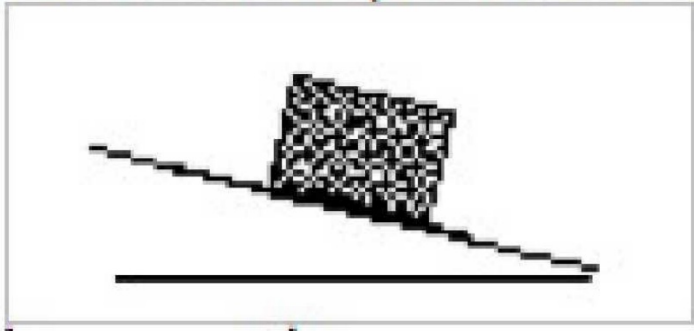
3

$$M = \theta$$

Static friction prevents sliding.

Same as

#7

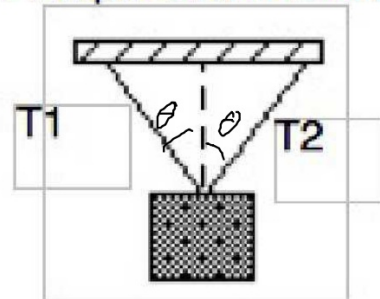
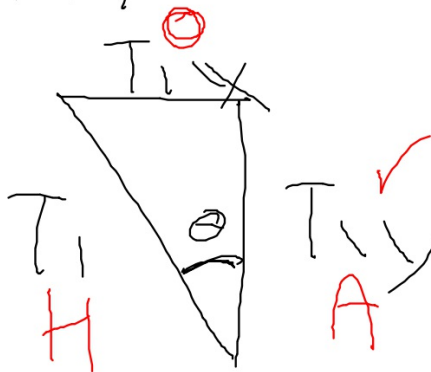


S

$$M = 10 \text{ kg} \theta 20^\circ$$

An object is suspended from the ceiling.

$$T_1 = 49 \text{ N}$$



$$H \cos \theta = \frac{A}{H}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{H \cos \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{A}{\cos \theta} \approx 56 \text{ N}$$

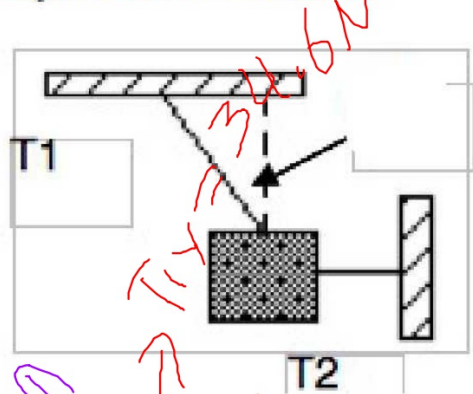
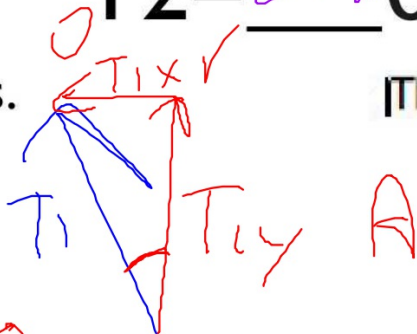
6

$$T_2 = 20 \text{ N} \theta 30^\circ$$

Solve for mass.

$$m = 3.5 \text{ kg}$$

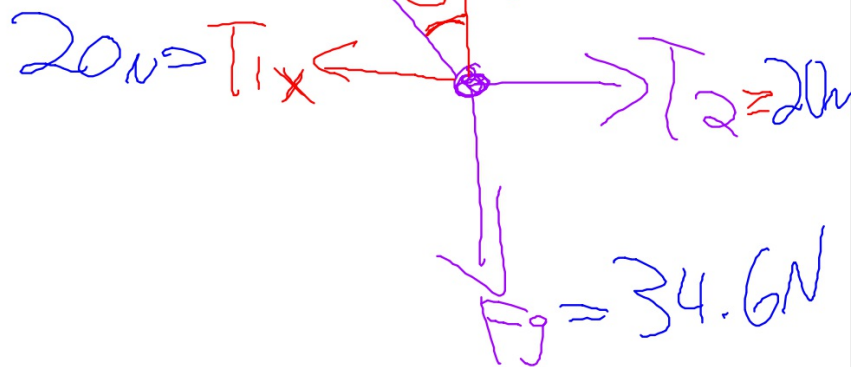
The object is motionless.



$$\frac{A \tan \theta}{\tan \theta} = \frac{0}{A} A \div \tan \theta$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \frac{0}{\tan \theta}$$

$$A = 34.6 \text{ N}$$





$$M = \frac{\mu}{\tan \theta}$$

An object slides at a constant velocity. Find  $F_f$ .

